MASTERING the 430/530





VFR/IFR

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What to cover

- Functions
- Initialization
- Structure
- Flight Planning
- IFR procedures
- Summary
- Q&A



Much more than a Belgian TomTom



Garmin 430/530 "THE NAVIGATOR"

- Acts as a communications and navigation management system
- Integrates radio transceiver, navigation receiver (VOR/Localizer/GS), and GPS navigation capability into a single unit
- Incorporates many additional supporting functions (like VNAV, Scheduling, Terrain, Traffic allert, timer, computations like TAS etc)

- C(ommunications) Knob
 - Power / Com Volume
 - Squelch
- V(OR/Localizer) Knob
 - VLOC Volume
 - Ident
- C Flip
 - Moves standby Com frequency to active
- V Flip
 - Moves standby VLOC frequency to active



- Push C/V
 - Selects between Comm and VLOC frequency selection
- Large Knob (1 MHz)
- Small Knob (25 of 8,33 KHz)
- Data card 1
 - Contains Jeppesen NavData (28 days cycle)
- Data card 2
 - Unused



• CDI



- Selects between GPS and VLOC navigation data output to ext. CDI/HSI/PFD
- OBS
 - Selection *inhibits* auto sequencing of waypoints in a FPL and turns GPS in VOR-like device. Or *continue* auto sequencing if GPS initiated suspend
- MSG
 - Displays Message Page
- FPL
 - Displays Flight Plan Chapter
- PROC
 - Displays Instrument Procedures from GPS database

- RNG
 - Adjusts moving map scale
- D→
 - Direct To function
- MENU
 - Displays menu for current activity
- CLR
 - Clears data field
 - Hold for 2 seconds to switch to default Nav page



- ENT
 - Activates function, enters data
- PUSH CRSR
 - Activates cursor for active function
- Large Knob
 - Sequences between data fields
- Small Knob
 - Selects character in current data field



Initialization

- Power Up
- GPS mode
- No active FPL
- SW versions
- COM Freq's memory
- NAV Freq's memory



Initialization

- Database Cycle
- Database
 Expiration Date



Initialization

- Instrument Panel Self-Test
- Check CDI/HSI/other indicating equipment



Structure

- Chapters
 - Current
 chapter
 identified by
 white letters at
 bottom of
 screen
- Pages
 - Current page number indicated by position of white block at bottom of screen



Chapter and Page Selection



Selection of any main page is performed using the large (B) and small (B) right knobs. The large right knob (B) selects the page group: NAV, WPT, AUX or NRST. The small right knob (B) selects the desired page within a group. To quickly select the default NAV page, press and hold B.

Structure (Nav Chapter 1)

- Nav 1
 - Electronic CDI
 Needle
 - Active
 Waypoint
 - User definable data
 - Default Nav
 Page



CDI sensitivity (when set to auto) : 5NM = ENR (enroute 30NM from dep./dest.) 5NM = OCN (oceanic 30NM from dep./dest.) 1NM = TERM (terminal within 30NM dest.) 0,3NM = APP (approach 2NM from FAF)

DTK, BRG, TRK

Beating

Track

Course is Magnetic or True or Manual Var.
To be set in the AUX chapter
AUTO recommended

Desired Track

Α



Structure (Nav Chapter 2)

- Nav 2
 - Moving Map
 - User definable fields at right
 - Map has three declutter
 levels, cycled
 by pressing
 CLR (let op de
 -1, -2, -3)



Structure (Nav Chapter 3)

- Nav 3
 - Frequency information page for active flight plan



Cycles
 between
 departure and
 arrival airports
 frequency
 information
 automatically

Use the CURSOR and ENT to move freq's in the Standby box COM

Structure (Nav Chapter 4)

- Nav 4
 - Position
 - Commonly used during *partial panel* operations
 - Only page with
 Altitude indication
 - If 2x 530/430
 available use both
 for *partial panel* operations.



Change to VOR for position reporting



Structure (Nav Chapter 5)

- Nav 5
 - Satellite Status
 - Solid bars indicate satellite acquired
 - Height of bar indicates satellite signal strength
 - White number
 below bar
 indicates
 satellite number
 - Indicates GPS accurancy



Structure (Nav Chapter 6)

- Nav 6
 - Vertical
 Navigation
 (VNAV)

GNS 430 V RNG 136.975 ALTITUDE MENU Above Wpt TARGET POSITION 1 00 CLR ENT 17.95 Before KDLH COM/VLOC 10 **VS PROFILE** VSR 4003 TERH GPS NAV 000001 CDI MSG FPL PRO

CAUTION

- Shall not be used for approach vertical guidance
- Uses GPS altitude, no barometric value!

•Recommended for descend or climb planning

- •1 min prior descent a message is displayed
- •500' before target altitude a message is displayed
- •VSR constantly re-calculated
- •Approach vertical guidande emergencies only

Structure (WPT Chapter)

- Waypoints can be:
 - Airports 6 pages (position, runway, freq's, STAR, APPR, SID)
 - Intersections
 - NDB's
 - VOR's
 - USR's user defineable waypoints



Structure (NRST Chapter 1)

- Nrst 1
 - Nearest Airports
 - Part of
 EMERGENCY
 PROCEDURE
 - PUSH CLR 3 seconds, TURN large knob to the right, PUSH cursor, TURN to airport by large knob, PUSH D->, PUSH ENTER, LOOK, PUSH ENTER



Structure (NRST Chapters)

- Nrst 2
 - Nearest
 Intersections
- Nrst 3
 - Nearest NDB
- Nrst 4
 - Nearest VOR
- Nrst 5
 - Nearest USR
- Nrst 6
 - Nearest ARTCC



Nrst 7 Nearest FSS
Nrst 8 Nearest Airspace

Structure (AUX Chapters)

- Aux Chapters for
 - Fuel Planning
 - Utility (sunrise sunset RAIM, statistics etc.
 - Set up (units, date/time, display)

RAIM

- Receiver Autonomous Integrity Monitoring
- Ensures adequate satellite geometry during flight
- If not INTEG will flash left corner box. Use legacy NAV resources





+MAP

- Creates a waypoint on the map
- Push cursor for MAP mode
- Move large and small button
- Push D->
- Push ENT
- +MAP stored in memory

Recommended for maneuvering around a specific area or towards a VFR fix



Time for a break



Dad, why are there always 2 pilots ? One has to prevent the other from doing stupid things. Which one is doing the stupid things ?

Next:

Flight planning
IFR
Do's & Don'ts
Q&A

Structure (FPL Access Key)

- Fpl 1
 - Active Flight
 Plan
 - Lost when pwr switched off
- Fpl 2
 - Flight Plan
 Catalog
 - Can store 19
 user defined
 flight plans





Structure (FPL Access Key)

- Proc
 - Instrument
 Procedures





Select Departure

•GPS looks for 1st waypoint in FPL
•Offers choice of available SID's
•CHECK and COMPARE loaded
procedure and SID chart
•CHECK next waypoint on the rwy
just before take-off

COH	PROCEDURES
136.975	Activate Vector-Ta-Final?
<u>118.000</u>	Activite Approach?
VLOC	Select Approach?
110.10	Select Arrival?
ENR	Select Departure?
GPS	PROC



Select Arrival

•GPS looks for last waypoint (destination) in FPL
•Offers choice of available STAR's
•CHECK and COMPARE loaded STAR waypoints and STAR chart
•Make sure last waypoint FPL = first waypoint loaded STAR
•No "Activate Arrival"!! so D-> first waypoint loaded STAR in the FPL

COH	PROCEDURES
136.975	Activate Vector-To-Final?
<u>118.000</u>	Activate Approach?
VLOC 117 95	Select Approach?
110.10	Select Arrival?
ENR	Select Departure?
GPS	PROC



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Select and Activate Approach

- •GPS looks for last waypoint in FPL
- •Offers choice of available Approaches
- •LOAD the expected approach, do not activate immediately!!
- •You can easily load a different approach. Again do not activate immediately!!
- CHECK and COMPARE loaded approach and approach chart
 ACTIVATE approach *only* when *cleared* for the approach
 Activate approach is *always*D-> IAF

COH	PROCEDURES
136.975	Activate Vector-To-Final?
<u>118.000</u>	Activite Approach?
VL0C	Select Approach?
110.10	Select Arrival?
ENR	Select Departure?
GPS	PROC

Note! ILS or VOR freq is loaded in standby NAV box when approach is loaded and/or activated (if not active already)

Activate Vector-To-Final

GPS displays a QDM at a final approach course inbound MAP
Do not active vector-to-final before final intercept course towards the localizer/radial. You will loose all other reference waypoints when activated

COH	PROCEDURES
136.975	Activate Vector-To-Final?
<u>118.000</u>	Activity Approach?
VLOC	Select Approach?
110.10	Select Arrival?
END	Select Departure?
ENK	
GPS	PROC



Auto VLOC

•When established on localizer course Navigator will switch automatically from GPS to VLOC (when enabled)

•No Auto VLOC when established on a VOR radial. GPS will warn to select manually VLOC



Going Missed

- At reaching MAP waypoint sequencing is suspended. A vector at runway heading is offered as a reference.
- PUSH OBS knob when stable in the climb, the missed approach procedure is loaded and activated, waypoint sequencing is started.
- Check loaded procedure
- If procedure is "climb rwy heading 2000ft, contact ATC" only a vector at rwy heading will be offered. Waypoint sequencing is suspended again!
- Select and load approach
- Check loaded procedure
- Activate approach when cleared for next approach, remember this will be again D-> to IAF

Fly Leg

- Fly Leg is 45 degrees intercept desired track line to selected waypoint
- Select waypoint in FPL
- Push 2x D->
- Push enter to activate



Non published holding

- Push OBS.
 Waypoint sequencing is suspended.
- Enter inbound course by external OBS knob or by entering digits
- Use GPS for situational awareness and guidance to intercept inbound radial



Recommended to intercept RWY heading in VFR approach when needed

Note: 'published' holdings not always part of a stored procedure



Random trivia

- Levels of declutter on the MAP page with CLR key
- Use a FPL! Have at least a departure and a destination
- Do not use D-> to a waypoint not part of the flightplan. It will cancel the map display of your plan or worse your approach
- Practice the D-> an VOR or Intersection which is not part of a flightplan.
- Decide up-front to use the GPS for primary guidance and traditional means (VOR/ADF/DME) as secundary or the other way around
- Know how to dimm at night, check the display before in the dark
- RAIM not available mostly cable or antenna issue
- Understand very very well the "Activate Approach" option
- Activate "Vectors to Final" not before final intercept course
- Practice in flight the OBS option. Have a safety pilot with you
- Cross check the loaded procedure with the plate
- Have FUN mastering the Garmin, do not forget to look outside!!



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